

02

ENVIRONMENT

> MOVING FORWARD by being responsible

28,810.33

GJ TOTAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION

104,876.53

TONS OF CO₂E

258,863.88

M³ OF WATER CONSUMED

163,195.90

M³ OF TREATED WATER

145.34

T OF WASTE GENERATED

Sustainable approach

AS PART OF OUR ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY, WE ENSURE THAT WE IMPLEMENT INITIATIVES THAT ALLOW US TO EFFICIENTLY MANAGE OUR RESOURCES AND RAW MATERIALS, AS WELL AS PREVENT ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL RISKS THAT MAY ARISE FROM OUR OPERATIONS.

This management includes responsible consumption measures and impact analysis to detect, reduce and prevent any risk affecting natural resources and the environment.

We rely on our values and our environmental culture to comply with FINSA's policies and procedures, applicable laws and regulations, and to achieve the objectives and goals that are part of our sustainable strategy.

We share the same company environmental vision as our tenants in order to work together to conserve natural resources, mitigate climate change and undertake sustainable actions for our stakeholders.



We consider the identification and assessment of environmental and climate risks, regulatory compliance, efficiency in the use of resources, as well as governance and social responsibility practices for portfolio sustainability and resilience.

SUSTAINABLE PARKS and life-cycle management

GRI 3-3

SASB IF-RE-450a.2

IN OUR INDUSTRIAL PARKS WE OPERATE IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS AND UNDER A MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK ALIGNED WITH ESG (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE) CRITERIA.

This helps us improve our energy efficiency, make better use of resources and manage our waste appropriately. We continue these practices during operations of industrial parks and while they are under maintenance, complying with the guidelines of our ESG Policy and our environmental procedures.

To ensure that we comply with regulations and standards, we conduct on-site audits to detect incidents and weak areas to improve our environmental performance, in order to reduce our impacts and make efficient use of the materials and natural resources required for our operations.

ENERGY management

TO OPERATE EFFICIENTLY, FINSA USES ELECTRIC POWER AND FUELS IN DIFFERENT CONSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION, AND MAINTENANCE PROCESSES.

We keep records of our consumption at a national level and evaluate the results to detect areas for improvement.

We have implemented various initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas emitted into the atmosphere, reduce pollution and optimize resources to be more sustainable.

Some of these initiatives include the publication of our environmental policies to all our customers and the use of renewable energy.

ELECTRIC POWER

GRI 302-1, 302-2, 302-3, 302-4

SDG 7 8 11 13

SASB IF-RE-130a.1, IF-RE-130a.2, IF-RE-130a.3, IF-RE-130a.5

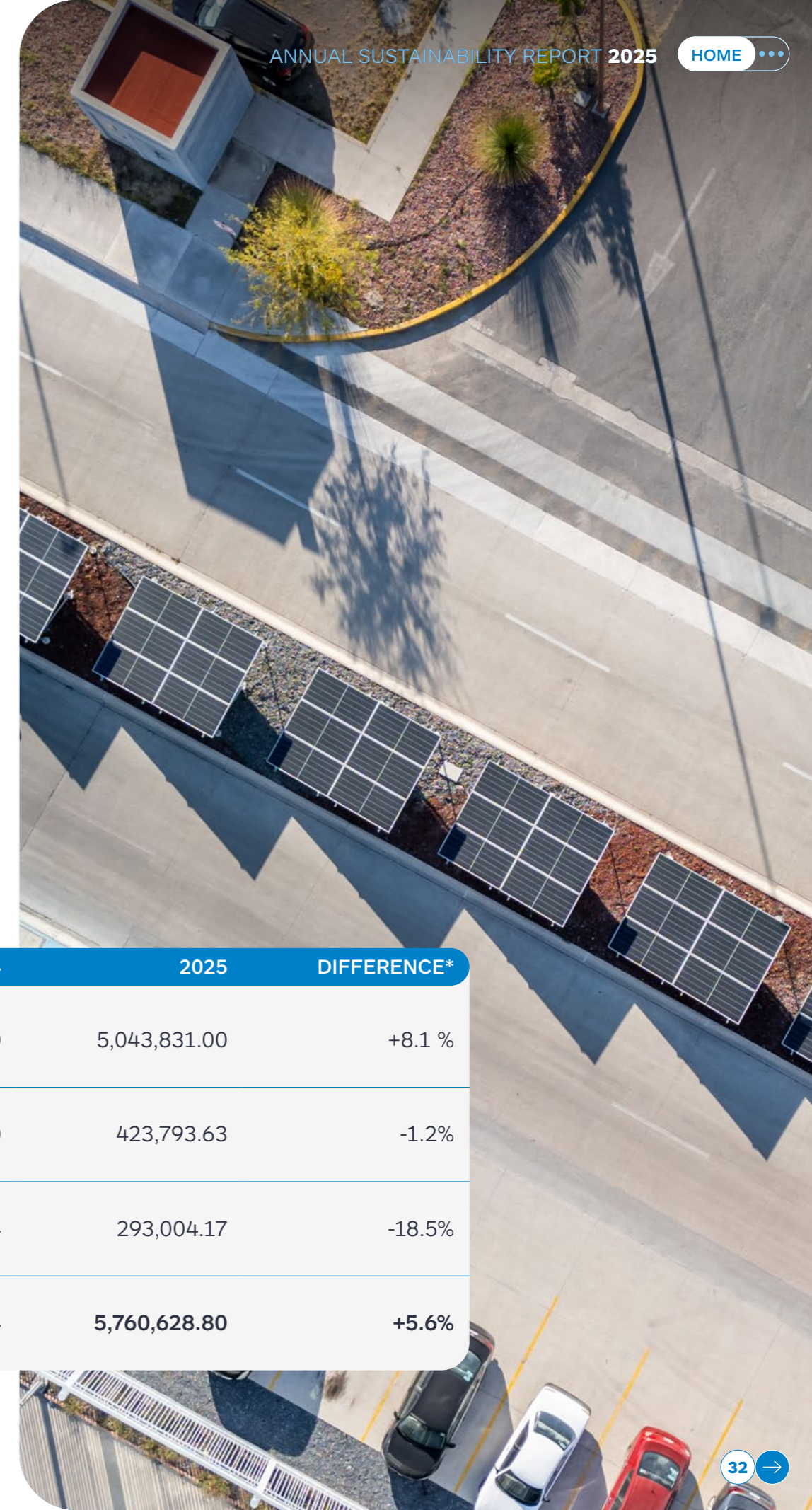
Electric power enables us to operate efficiently throughout our facilities.

124,255.50 MWh
OF ELECTRICITY CONSUMED IN 2025

ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION IN COMMON AREAS (KWH)

LOCATION	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
FINSA industrial parks	4,107,480.54	4,290,711.07	4,665,681.00	5,043,831.00	+8.1 %
Corporate offices	360,254.00	386,945.00	428,779.00	423,793.63	-1.2%
Mobile kiosks	No disponible	No disponible	359,720.64	293,004.17	-18.5%
Total	4,467,734.54	4,677,656.07	5,454,180.64	5,760,628.80	+5.6%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.





ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION IN LEASED AREAS IN 2025 (KWH)

118,494,876.73

TOTAL

Consumption outside of industrial parks (stand-alone assets)
21,765,893.00



FINSA industrial parks
96,728,983.73

ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION IN 2025

LOCATION	KILOWATTS	GIGAJOULES
Common areas	5,760,628.80	20,738.26
Leased areas	118,494,876.73	426,581.22
Total	124,255,505.53	447,319.82

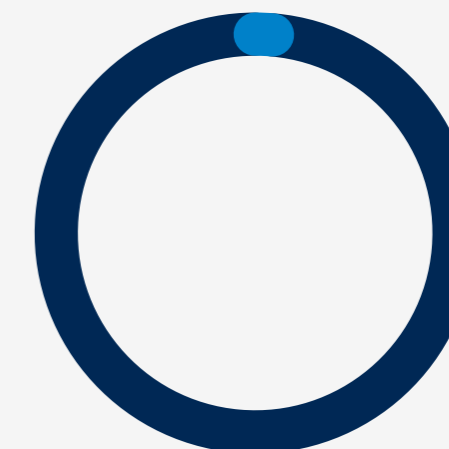
LIKE FOR LIKE (KWH) ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION

18 industrial parks and corporate offices



ENERGY INTENSITY (KWH /M²)

COMMON AREAS
3.44¹



LEASED AREAS
192.372²

Note:

- To obtain the intensity of common areas, all parks are included, even corporate offices, with the exception of the consumption/area of *Parque Tijuana Noreste* and the consumption of the mobile booths, which does not include the common area.
- To obtain the intensity of leased areas, only the areas of leased assets that provided information were included. This area is 615,966.65 m², including the leased stand-alone assets.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

FUELS

We use fuels in transportation, maintenance and construction activities.

IN 2025 WE CONSUMED

196,733.34

LITERS OF GASOLINE

29,528.19

LITERS OF DIESEL

474,009.11

GJ OF NATURAL GAS*



ANNUAL GASOLINE CONSUMPTION IN COMMON AREAS (LITERS)

COMMON AREAS	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	176,351.18	144,313.14	153,433.85	127,648.69	-16.8%
Corporate offices	Not available	Not available	14,096.95	38,898.12	175.9%
Consumption outside of industrial parks (other operations)	Not available	Not available	71,582.70	30,186.53	-57.8%
Total	176,351.18	144,313.14	239,113.50	196,733.34	-17.7%

GAS AND DIESEL CONSUMPTION IN INDUSTRIAL PARKS

LOCATION	FUEL	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Common areas	Diesel (liters)	34,138.01	46,702.85	33,265.87	29,528.19	-11.2%
Leased areas	Natural gas* (GJ)	460,207.00	481,749.00	585,164.98	474,009.11	-19.0%

Note: Through FINSA Energéticos, we supply natural gas to seven companies that operate in the Matamoros del Norte park. This energy is not part of our consumption, however, it is significantly valuable within Scope 3 emissions.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

LIKE FOR LIKE FUEL CONSUMPTION

LOCATION	FUEL	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Common areas	20 industrial parks Gasoline (liters)	236,109.26	194,193.49	-17.8%
	Corporate offices			
	17 industrial parks Diesel (liters)	32,282.84	32,106.45	-0.55%
Leased areas	1 industrial park Natural gas (GJ)	585,164.98	474,009.11	-19.0%

TOTAL FUEL CONSUMPTION 2025

AREA	GASOLINE		DIESEL		NATURAL GAS
	kWh	GJ	kWh	GJ	GJ
Industrial parks	1,251,836.58	4,506.61	312,898.78	1,126.44	474,009.11*
Corporate offices	381,469.56	1,373.29	NA	NA	NA
Consumption outside of industrial parks	296,035.96	1,065.73	NA	NA	NA
Total	1,929,342.09	6,945.63	312,898.78	1,126.44	474,009.11

Note: Through FINSA Energéticos, we supply natural gas to seven companies that operate in the Matamoros del Norte park. We do not use this type of energy.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (GJ)

TYPE OF ENERGY	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Electricity	16,083.84	16,839.56	19,635.05	20,738.26	+5.6%
Gasoline	5,843.09	5,093.74	8,439.86	6,945.63	-17.7%
Diesel	1,285.88	1,781.19	1,268.72	1,126.44	-11.2%
Natural Gas	460,207.00	481,749.00	585,164.98	474,009.11	-19.0%
Total	483,819.81	505,463.49	614,508.61	502,819.44	-18.2%

Note: Annual consumption is only for consumption of the common areas of FINSA's Industrial Parks, Corporate Offices and mobile kiosks, with the exception of natural gas.

ENERGY INTENSITY BY FUELS (KWH/M²)

Electric power (Common areas)

3.44

Electric power (leased areas)

192.37

Gasoline (Common areas)

1.21

Diesel (Common areas)

0.24

Gas (leased areas)

547.58

RENEWABLE ENERGY

We contribute to mitigating climate change by using renewable energy in our industrial park FINSA Aguascalientes and FINSA Querétaro II, generating 531.29 MWh per year.

531.29 MWh

RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATED IN 2025



SOLAR PANELS - FINSA AGUASCALIENTES INDUSTRIAL PARK

LOCATION OF PANELS	NUMBER OF SOLAR PANELS	SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCED IN KWH	TON CO ₂ SAVED
Industrial Park common areas	698	435,344	193.29
Common areas of warehouse not owned by FINSA	102	68,751	30.53
Total	800	504,095	223.82

We have 46 LED lighting fixtures in the FINSA Querétaro II Industrial Park, which work on solar energy and consume 16,118.40 kWh per year. To meet this requirement, a system of:

92

SOLAR PANELS WERE IMPLEMENTED TO GENERATE **27,199.80 KWH** PER YEAR

LED LAMPS POWERED BY SOLAR PANELS - FINSA QUERÉTARO II INDUSTRIAL PARK II COMMON AREAS

46

NUMBER OF LED LAMPS

2

SOLAR PANELS PER LAMP

16,118.40

SOLAR ENERGY CONSUMPTION

27,199.80 kWh

SOLAR ENERGY PRODUCED

7.16

TON CO₂ SAVED

CLIMATE strategy

GRI 3-3

Our ESG Policy establishes that as part of our operations, we must perform analysis, management, control and prevention of climate change risks, focusing on the construction, operation, maintenance and investment phases of assets, as well as promote and develop strategies to reduce greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions of Scope 1, 2, and 3.

As part of our commitments, in 2025 we joined the Science Based Targets (SBTi) initiative to achieve Zero Net Emissions by 2050. We are awaiting the authorization of our targets.

IN 2025 WE CONDUCTED AN EXERCISE TO IDENTIFY CLIMATE RISKS TO DETERMINE THEIR IMPACT AND PROBABILITY, SEEKING TO MEET THE GOAL OF ZERO NET EMISSIONS BY 2050 AND TO BALANCE GHGS EMITTED AND ELIMINATED FROM THE ATMOSPHERE.

Based on the results, we will define a transition plan to be implemented in 2026.



CHALLENGES

Integrate a more complete emissions inventory.

Include more Scope 3 categories.

Approval of targets by Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi).

Identify physical and transitional climate change risks.

Analyze climate scenarios.



OPPORTUNITIES

Reactivate the planning of solar energy installation projects for the common areas of the Industrial Parks.

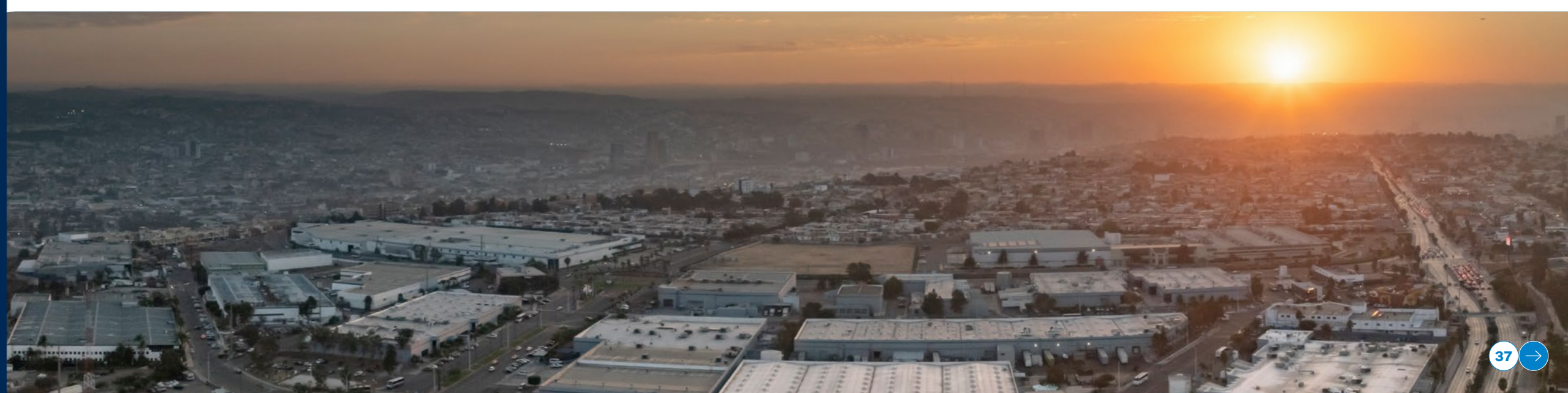
Explore options for ESG data integration systems for emission control in Scopes 1, 2 and 3.

Empower customers on ESG issues to collaborate on data sharing.



TARGETS 2026

Request SBTi to validate greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets based on the 2025 emissions inventory.



GHG emissions

GRI 305-1, 305-2, 305-3 | SDG 3 11 12 13 14 15

In line with our commitment to reduce emissions, this year we reviewed all stationary and mobile sources that consume electricity and fuels, as well as the processes carried out by our value chain to define actions that will help us to meet that commitment. In 2025, we increased our GHG emissions by 1.8%, generating 104,876.53 tons of CO₂eq.

548.26 tonCO₂eq
MOBILE SOURCES

40.72 tonCO₂eq
FIXED SOURCES

5.04 tonCO₂eq
FUGITIVE SOURCES

ANNUAL EMISSIONS SCOPE 1 (TON CO₂EQ)

AREAS	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	500.33	461.79	469.45	413.07	-12.01 %
Corporate offices	Not available	Not available	34.49	99.04	+187.2%
Consumption outside of industrial parks (other operations)	Not available	Not available	175.14	76.86	-56.1%
Other emissions	Not available	Not available	Not available	5.04	NA
Total	500.33	461.79	679.08	594.01	-12.5%

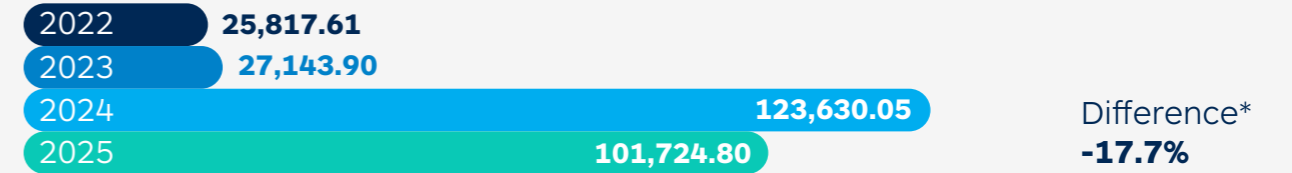
Notes:
 1. The wastewater treatment plant and the use of portable fire extinguishers create other emissions.
 2. Increase in CO₂ emissions in Corporate Offices is due to increased data availability.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.





ANNUAL EMISSIONS **SCOPE 3** (TON CO₂EQ)



EMISSIONS BREAKDOWN **SCOPE 3** IN 2025 (TON CO₂EQ)

CATEGORY	NUMBER
Category 1 (Purchased goSDG and services)	16,707.36
Category 3 (Purchased fuel and power production)	896.17
Category 4 (Transportation of purchased products from suppliers to the company)	349.06
Category 5 (Wastes generated in operations)	427.39
Category 6 (Business travel)	92.90
Category 7 (employee transfers)	590.50
Category 11 (Use of products sold)	30,049.70
Category 13 (Leased assets)	52,611.72
Total	101,724.80

Notes:

- Category 1 (Purchased goSDG and services), are derived from the supply of embedded carbon from construction materials, pumping services, packages and courier services.
- Category 3 (Purchased fuel and power production), comes from fuels and purchased electricity.
- Category 4 (Transportation of purchased products from suppliers to the company), comes from transportation of construction materials.
- Category 5 (Waste generated in operations) are emissions derived from waste from the operation of industrial park common areas and waste generated during construction projects.
- Category 6 refers to employees' business and operational travel.
- Category 7 are commuting trips.
- Category 11 (Use of sold products) is the result of natural gas consumption by seven companies in the Matamoros del Norte park, supplied by *FINSA Energéticos*, and one sold industrial building (use).
- Category 13 (Leased assets) is derived from our tenants' energy consumption.

ANNUAL EMISSIONS **SCOPE 2** (TON CO₂EQ)

AREAS	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,786.75	1,879.33	2,071.56	2,239.47	+8.1%
Corporate offices	156.71	169.48	190.38	188.16	-1.2%
Consumption outside of industrial parks (other operations)	Not available	Not available	159.72	130.09	-18.5%
Total	1,943.46	2,048.81	2,421.66	2,557.72	+5.6%

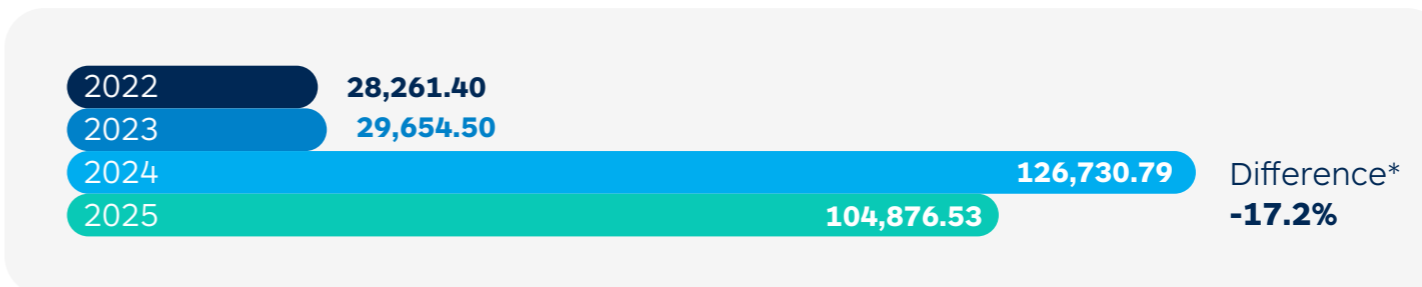
*Diferencia porcentual 2024 vs. 2025.

TOTAL EMISSIONS PER YEAR (TON CO₂EQ)

EMISSIONS	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Scope 1	500.33	461.79	679.08	594.01	-12.5%
Scope 2	1,943.46	2,048.81	2,421.66	2,557.72	+5.6%
Scope 3	25,817.61	27,143.90	123,630.05	101,724.80	-17.7%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

TOTAL EMISSIONS PER YEAR (TON CO₂EQ)



104,876.53 tonCO₂eq
TOTAL IN 2025



WATER management

GRI 303-1

SASB SASB IF-RE-140a.4

Our ESG Policy states that we must use water efficiently from consumption to treatment and reuse. To achieve this, we have installed measurement mechanisms at extraction and distribution points to obtain accurate and reliable data to determine the volumes of the resource we use for our operations.

One of our objectives for the coming year is to define and establish strategies to optimize and reduce extraction, consumption and discharges, seeking greater reuse of treated water.

These actions and oversight of tenant and third party compliance of our policies at our industrial parks are the responsibility of the ESG and Operations departments.

IN 2025, WE WORKED ON MAKING ADJUSTMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO OUR WATER FACILITIES AND TREATMENT SYSTEMS TO COMPLY WITH QUALITY AND MEASUREMENT STANDARDS, AND WE CONSULTED WITH STAKEHOLDERS ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THESE ACTIONS.



ACHIEVEMENTS

Improving our consumption data collection over previous years.

Reducing estimated consumption volumes.

Defining a consumption measurement environment.

Increasing the amount of tenant consumption data.



OPPORTUNITIES

Establishing timing and methodology for water consumption data collection.

Defining a methodology for recording consumption by tenants outside FINSA parks.

Establishing a methodology to request consumption data where not supplied by FINSA.



TARGETS 2026

Continuous improvement in the collection of consumption data.

Encouraging the reuse of treated water.

Managing wastewater quality.

Establishing better operational practices to reduce energy consumption.

Reducing consumption and optimizing water use.

WATER WITHDRAWAL

GRI 303-3, 303-5

SDG

6

SASB IF-RE-140a.1, IF-RE-140a.2

Third-party water accounts for 71.2% of extracted water, while 28.4% is extracted from groundwater sources, another 0.4% comes from surface water. Only our FINSA Matamoros del Norte industrial park is supplied with surface water.

IN 2025 WE CONSUMED A TOTAL OF

258,863.88

M³ OF WATER

Both surface and groundwater sources are concessioned to FINSA. The liquid obtained by third parties is supplied by some Local Operating Organizations and by pipes. The volumes extracted from the concessions are recorded on a daily, weekly, monthly and quarterly basis, based on installed meter readings.

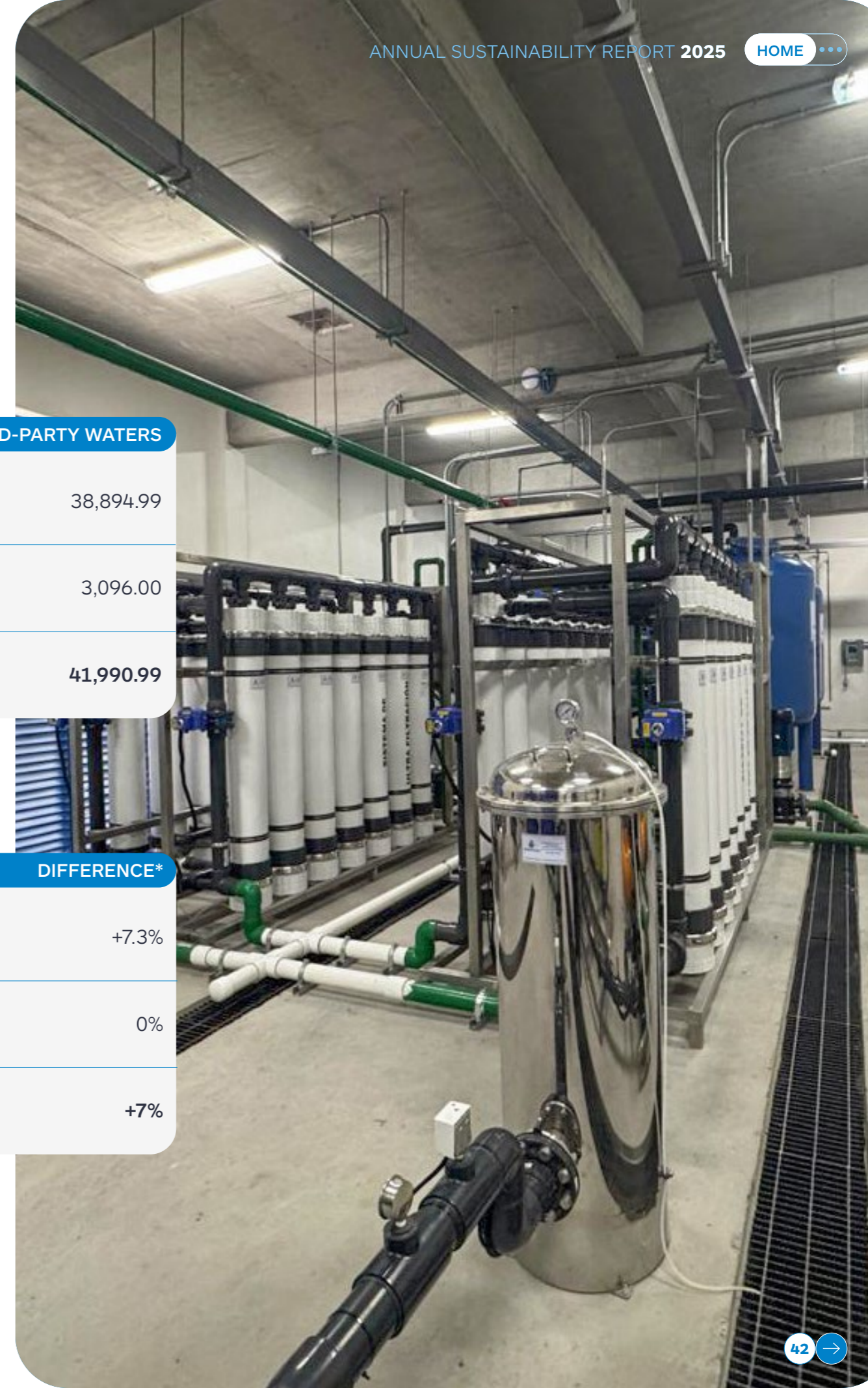
WATER WITHDRAWAL IN COMMON AREAS IN 2025 (M³)

LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	1,149.00	32,770.17	38,894.99
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	3,096.00
Total	1,149.00	32,770.17	41,990.99

ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL IN COMMON AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	94,653.33	67,879.19	72,814.16	+7.3%
Corporate offices	3,096.00	3,096.00	3,096.00	0%
Total	97,749.33	70,975.19	75,910.16	+7%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.



WATER WITHDRAWAL FROM LEASED AREAS IN 2025 (M³)

LOCATION	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	40,631.72	125,942.00
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	16,380.00
Total	40,631.72	142,322.00

ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL FROM LEASED AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,469,593.17	54,155.39	166,573.72	+207.6%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380	NA
Total	1,469,593.17	54,155.39	182,953.72	+237.8%

TOTAL WATER WITHDRAWAL (M³)

LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	1,149.00	73,401.89	164,836.99
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	3,096.00
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380
Total	1,149.00	73,401.89	184,312.99

ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL - COMMON AND LEASED AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks (common and leased areas)	1,564,246.50	122,034.58	239,387.88	+96.2%
Corporate offices	3,096.00	3,096.00	3,096.00	0%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380.00	NA
Total	1,567,342.50	125,130.58	258,863.88	+126.3%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.



LIKE FOR LIKE WATER WITHDRAWAL (M³)

Common areas: 20 industrial parks

2024 **67,791.99**
2025 **70,312.16**

Difference*
+3.7%

Leased areas: 8 industrial parks

2024 **50,773.39**
2025 **45,872.72**

Difference*
-10%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

WATER STRESS ZONES WITHDRAWAL

Different databases showed that in the year 2025 all the states where we have operations are in areas that have been classified as water-stressed, mainly due to the overexploitation of

hydrological basins despite the fact that there were intense rainy seasons, where a total of 258.86 ML of water was consumed in 2025.

WATER WITHDRAWAL BY WATER SOURCE IN WATER-STRESSED AREAS (COMMON AREAS) (M³)

LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	1,149.00	32,770.17	38,894.99
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	3,096.00
Total	1,149.00	32,770.17	41,990.99

ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL IN WATER-STRESSED AREAS IN COMMON AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	88,089.33	62,806.69	72,814.16	+15.9%
Corporate offices	3,096.00	3,096.00	3,096.00	0%
Total	91,185.33	65,902.69	75,910.16	+15.2%

WATER WITHDRAWAL BY WATER SOURCE IN **WATER STRESS ZONES** (LEASED AREAS) (M³)

LOCATION	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	40,631.72	125,942.00
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	16,380
Total	40,631.72	142,322.00

 ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL IN WATER-STRESSED AREAS **IN LEASED AREAS** (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	953,841.17	51,582.50	166,573.72	+222.9%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380	NA
Total	953,841.17	51,582.50	182,953.72	+254.7%

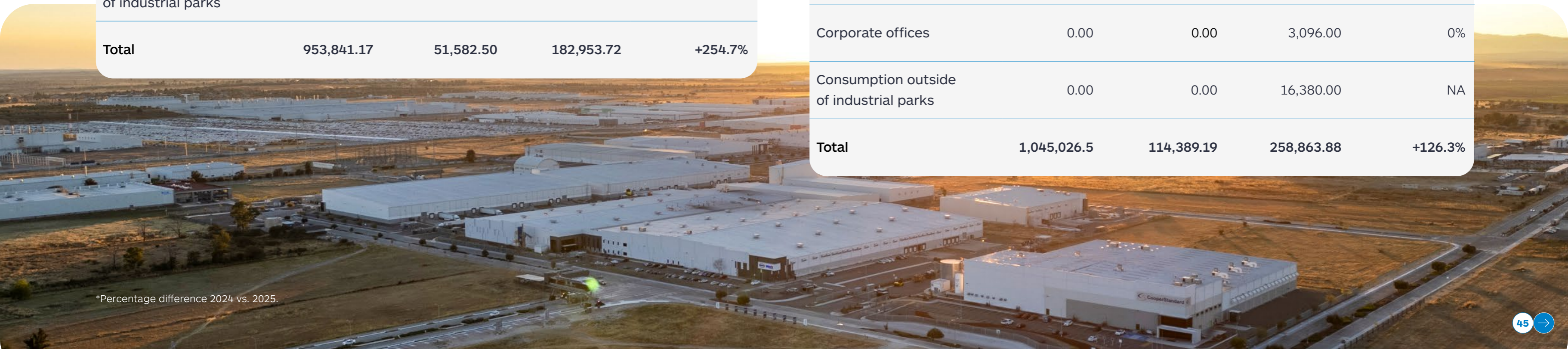
*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

 TOTAL WITHDRAWAL BY WATER SOURCE IN **WATER STRESSED AREAS IN 2025** (M³)

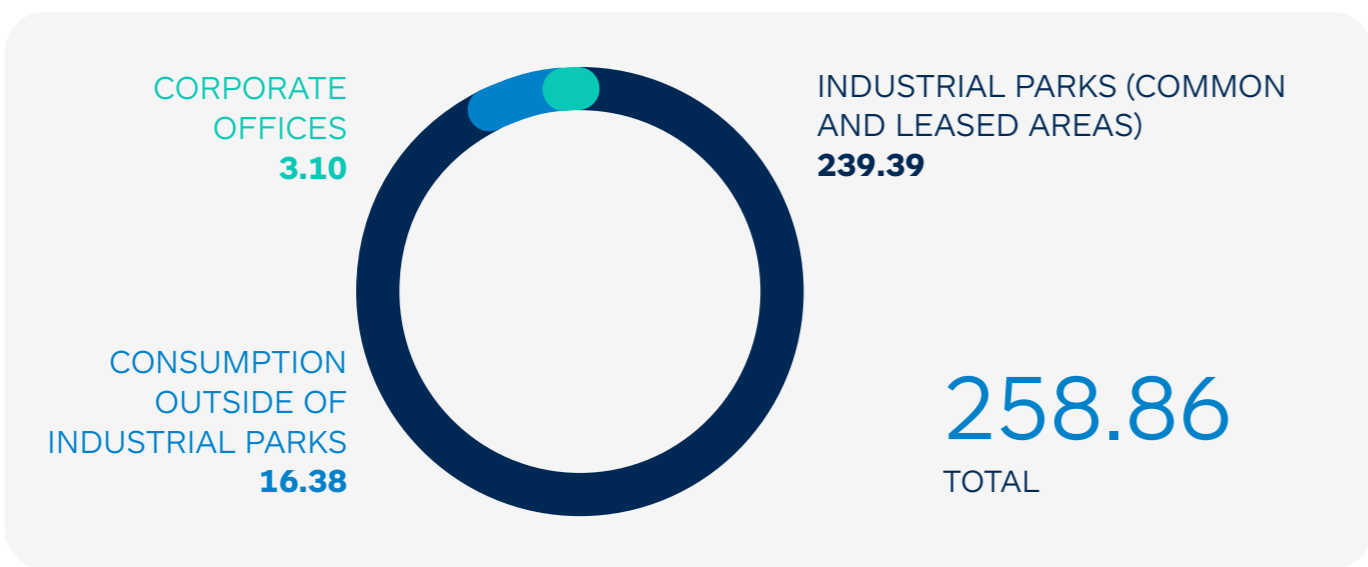
LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	1,149.00	73,401.89	164,836.99
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	3,096.00
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380
Total	1,149.00	73,401.89	184,312.99

 ANNUAL WATER WITHDRAWAL IN **WATER-STRESSED AREAS**

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,041,930.50	114,389.19	239,387.88	+109.3%
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	3,096.00	0%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	16,380.00	NA
Total	1,045,026.5	114,389.19	258,863.88	+126.3%



TOTAL WATER WITHDRAWAL IN 2025 (ML)



LIKE FOR LIKE (M³) WATER WITHDRAWAL IN WATER-STRESSED AREAS

Common areas: 19 industrial parks



Leased areas: 6 industrial parks



Note: Water stress zones are defined by CONAGUA (National Water Commission), which establishes water availability, as well as by platforms such as AQUEDUCT Water Risk Atlas and WWF Water Risk Filter.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.



258,863.88 m³
OF WATER REGISTERED IN OUR COMMON AND LEASED AREAS WAS CONSUMED.

WATER CONSUMPTION

GRI 303-5

ANNUAL WATER CONSUMPTION IN COMMON AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	71,313.00	94,653.33	67,879.19	72,814.16	+7.3%
Corporate offices	0.00	3,096.00	3,096.00	3,096.00	0.0%
Total	71,313.00	97,749.33	70,975.19	75,910.16	+7.0%

ANNUAL WATER CONSUMPTION IN LEASED AREAS (M³)

AREAS	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,177,569.96	1,469,593.17	54,155.39	166,573.72	+207.6%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,380.00	NA
Total	1,177,569.96	1,469,593.17	54,155.39	182,953.72	+237.8%

TREATED WATER

TREATED WATER IN INDUSTRIAL PARKS

LOCATION	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Common areas	6,351.00	5,708.47	16,878.49	22,025.76	+30.5%
Leased areas	466,356.13	451,652.13	36,219.95	141,170.14	+289.8%
Total	472,707.13	457,360.60	53,098.44	163,195.90	+207.3%

LIKE FOR LIKE WATER CONSUMPTION (M³)

Common areas: 19 industrial parks

2024 **70,242.19**

2025 **40,874.36**

Difference*

-41.8%

Leased areas: 9 industrial parks

2024 **54,155.39**

2025 **166,573.72**

Difference*

+208%

Note: For consumption in industrial parks with no meters in common areas, an estimate is made considering a consumption of 3m³ per person, which is multiplied by the total number of FINSA's operating staff to get the monthly total.

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

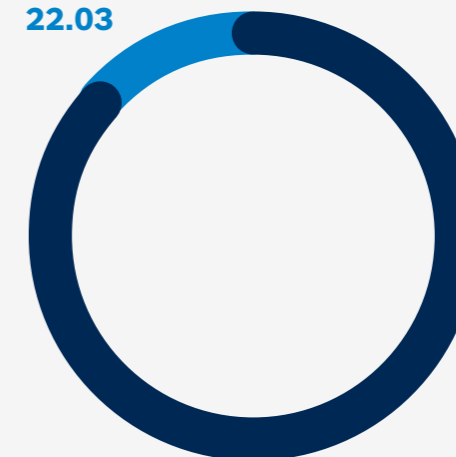


TREATED WATER IN 2025 (ML)

163.20

TOTAL

COMMON AREAS
22.03



LEASED AREAS
141.17

LIKE FOR LIKE TREATED WATER (M³)

Common areas: 11 industrial parks



Leased areas: 7 industrial parks



*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

MANAGEMENT OF WATER DISCHARGE IMPACTS

GRI 303-2

WE COMPLY WITH WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND DISCHARGE QUALITY REGULATIONS.

We are governed by the particular discharge conditions found in the concession titles issued by the National Water Commission (CONAGUA), as well as the guidelines established in the standard NOM-001-SEMARNAT- 2021: Which establishes the permissible limits of pollutants in wastewater discharges into receiving bodies owned by the nation.

Although we do not have internal regulations or processes to regulate our discharges, tenants installed in industrial parks where we have wastewater treatment plants (WWTP), we do have regulations and guidelines with which they must comply and additionally we have shared some additional criteria for their water discharges directed to our treatment plants, since these are reviewed by CONAGUA to verify compliance based on the corresponding receiving body.





WATER DISCHARGES

GRI 303-4

We have seventeen wastewater treatment plants (WWTP) that operate in compliance with NOM-001-SEMARNAT-2021. All water received at the treatment plants is finally discharged into the respective receiving bodies. There are also parks that do not have treatment plants, and their discharges go directly to the drainage networks of the authorized operating agencies. Water is discharged in accordance with NOM-002-SEMARNAT-1996, which establishes the maximum permissible limits for pollutants in wastewater discharges to urban or municipal sewage systems.

WE ENSURE THAT DISCHARGED WATER IS FREE OF CHEMICAL, PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCES THAT ENDANGER GROUNDWATER, BIODIVERSITY AND HUMAN HEALTH.

The amount of water treated and subsequently reused for irrigation of green areas is recorded in the meters of each treatment plant.

WATER DISCHARGES IN COMMON AREAS IN 2025 (M³)

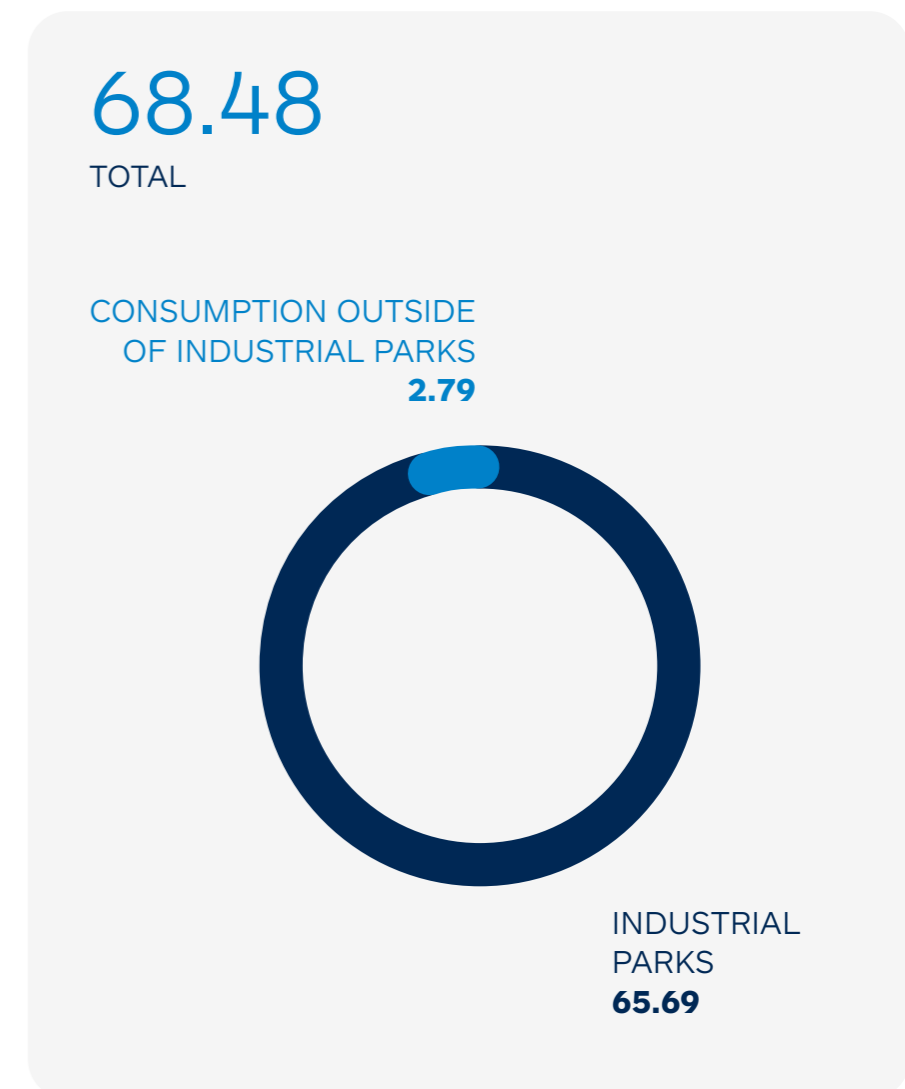
LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	16,927.82	11,576.93	37,188.89
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	2,786.40
Total	16,927.82	11,576.93	39,975.29

ANNUAL WATER DISCHARGES IN COMMON AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	91,768.56	62,214.07	65,693.64	+5.6%
Corporate offices	0.00	2,786.40	2,786.40	NA
Total	91,768.56	65,000.47	68,480.04	+5.4%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

TOTAL DISCHARGES IN COMMON AREAS IN 2025 (ML)



ANNUAL WATER DISCHARGES IN LEASED AREAS (M³)

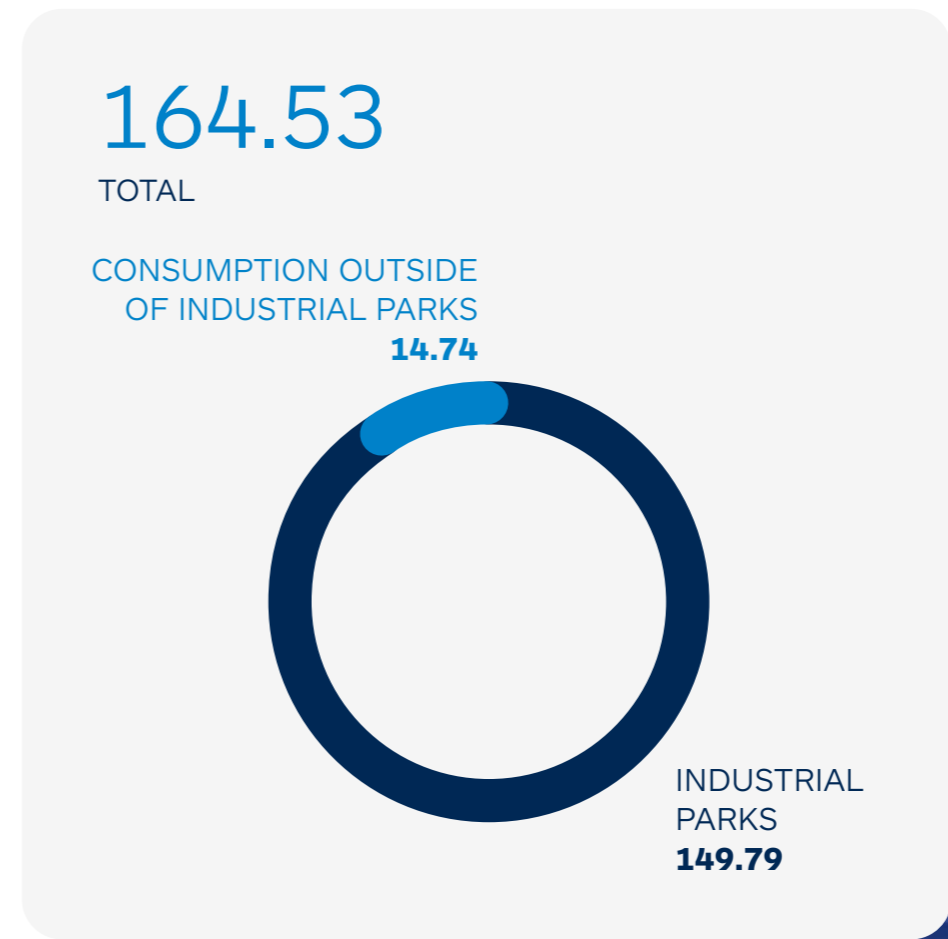
LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	112,311.54	30,919.60	6,559.20
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	14,741.60
Total	112,311.54	30,919.60	21,300.80

ANNUAL WATER DISCHARGES IN LEASED AREAS (M³)

LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,045,446.09	49,803.65	149,790.34	+200.8%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	14,741.60	NA
Total	1,045,446.09	49,803.65	164,531.94	+230.4%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

DISCHARGES OF LEASED AREAS IN 2025 (ML)





TOTAL DISCHARGES

TOTAL WATER DISCHARGES 2025 (M³)

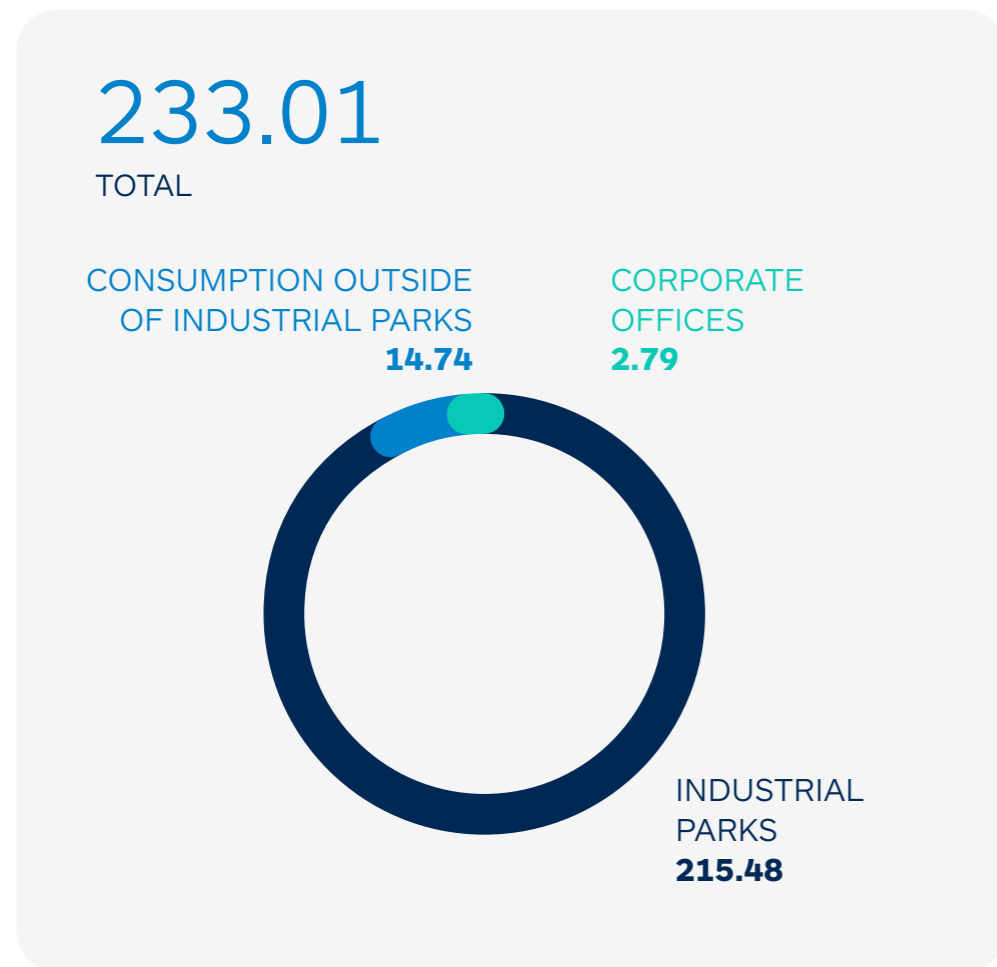
LOCATION	SURFACE WATER	GROUNDWATER	THIRD-PARTY WATERS
Industrial parks	129,239.36	42,496.53	43,748.09
Corporate offices	0.00	0.00	2,786.40
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	14,741.60
Total	129,239.36	42,496.53	61,276.09

ANNUAL WATER DISCHARGE (M³)

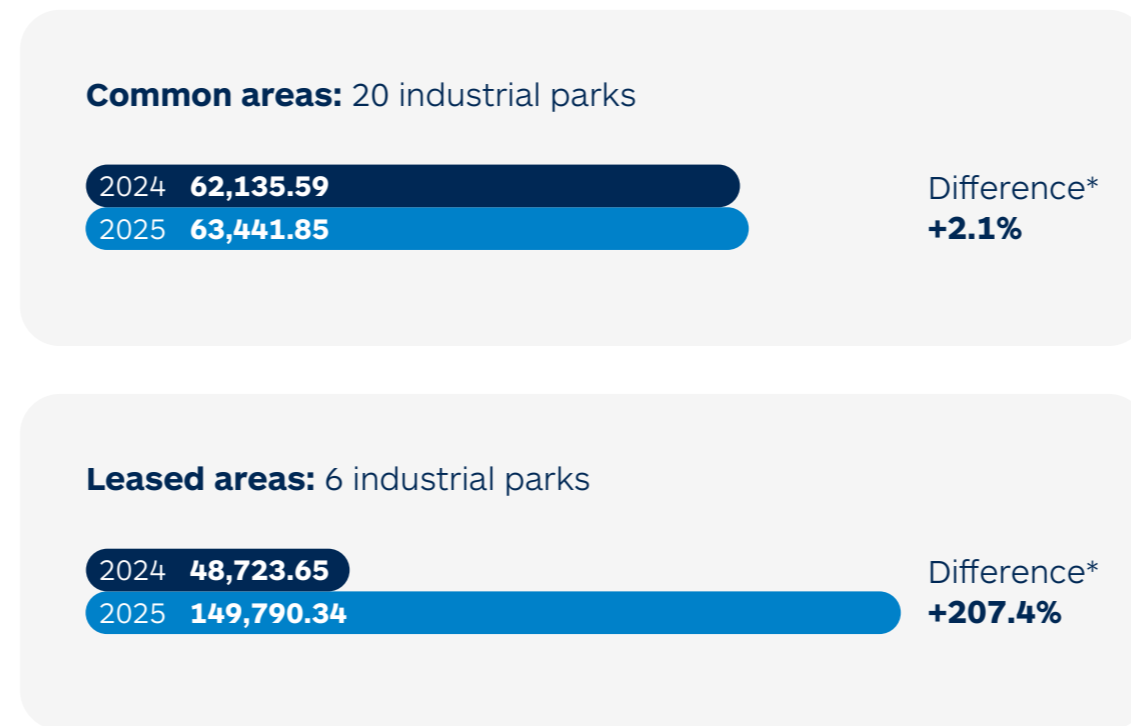
LOCATION	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Industrial parks	1,137,214.65	112,017.72	215,483.99	+92.4%
Corporate offices	0.00	2,786.40	2,786.40	0%
Consumption outside of industrial parks	0.00	0.00	14,741.60	NA
Total	1,137,214.65	114,804.12	233,011.99	+103.0%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

TOTAL WATER DISCHARGES IN 2025 (ML)



TOTAL LIKE FOR LIKE WATER DISCHARGES (M³)



With this system, our hope is to provide secondary treatment to wastewater through a more exhaustive process. The basic principle of operation is that this system is fed by treated water obtained from wastewater treatment plants, passes through more complex physicochemical systems, so that the quality allows reuse in different productive activities beyond being limited only to irrigation.

With this measure, our hope is in the short, medium and long term to generate positive impacts on the water cycle, as well as in all areas related to water, from extraction and consumption, to treatment and culminating with discharges.

IN 2025, WORK WAS CARRIED OUT TO IMPLEMENT AND STABILIZE A TREATED WATER RECOVERY SYSTEM.



*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

WASTE management

GRI 3-3, 306-1

Our environmental commitments include waste management to help reduce pollution and mitigate climate change. We separate and classify the waste we generate in two of our business units: FINSA Ingeniería y Construcción and Mantenimiento Integral FINSA.

WASTE GENERATION



FINSA Ingeniería y Construcción

Special handling wastes, construction, demolition and excavation materials such as soil, sand, gravel and rocks.



Mantenimiento Integral FINSA

Hazardous waste, urban solid waste, and special handling waste, including sludge from wastewater treatment plants in parks where this service is available.



WE MANAGE ALL THE WASTE WE GENERATE, AS PER OUR PROCESSES, COMPLYING WITH THE GUIDELINES OF THE GENERAL ACT FOR THE PREVENTION AND INTEGRAL MANAGEMENT OF WASTE (LGPGIR) AND NOM-052-SEMARNAT-2005.

WASTE GENERATED

GRI 306-3

In each industrial park we have the proper storage to keep the containers classified by type of waste. In accordance with the time set by law, they are delivered to suppliers authorized by the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources (SEMARNAT), the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (PROFEPA) and the Ministry of Communications and Transportation (SCT), to be transported to the final disposal site.



145.34 tons of waste
WHICH WERE APPROPRIATELY SEPARATED,
RECYCLED AND CONFINED.

WASTE GENERATED IN INDUSTRIAL PARKS (COMMON AREAS) (TON)

LOCATION	2022	2023	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
Hazardous	5.14	2.55	2.05	2.61	+27.3%
Urban solids	77.83	29.14	60.07	69.90	+16.4%
Special handling	383.65	10.97	56.34	72.83	+29.3%
Total	466.64	42.68	118.46	145.34	+22.7%

LIKE FOR LIKE (TON) WASTE IN INDUSTRIAL PARKS (COMMON AREAS)

LOCATION	TYPE OF WASTE	2024	2025	DIFFERENCE*
11 industrial parks	Hazardous	2.04	2.51	23.0%
21 industrial parks	Urban solids	60.07	69.90	+16.4%
4 industrial parks	Special handling	56.34	72.83	+29.3%

*Percentage difference 2024 vs. 2025.

BIODIVERSITY

GRI 101-1

▶ **THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF OUR INDUSTRIAL PARKS CAN NEGATIVELY IMPACT BIODIVERSITY, LIKE DEFORESTATION, WATER, SOIL AND AIR POLLUTION, AND CONTRIBUTE TO THE DESTRUCTION OF ENDEMIC FLORA AND FAUNA HABITATS.**

To prevent and remedy them, before starting construction we conducted environmental impact studies, reviewed nearby watercourses and cataloged the flora and fauna species to learn about them and be able to successfully relocate them.

We comply with environmental law and regulations, which is why we have submitted to the authorities our Waste Management, Soil Protection and Conservation, and Air Pollution Prevention programs, as well as our Species Rescue and Relocation program.

As part of the measures we implement to protect biodiversity, we must avoid:



- The commercialization, trafficking, or hunting of plant and animal species.
- The burning of plant material.
- Diverting or obstructing the flow of streams, canals, or other bodies of water.
- Depositing waste in runoff areas.
- The use of herbicides and pesticides.

We established an Environmental Management Plan to follow up on identified impacts and develop prevention, mitigation and remediation measures. We comply with the conditions set forth by the Ministry of the Environment and Natural Resources (SEMARNAT) in accordance with the provisions of the General Ecological Balance and Environmental Protection Act (LGEEPA).



By doing so, we ensure that we help conserve biodiversity and collaborate in the care of natural resources.